

Thank you for downloading How to Save Thousands on Septic Repairs.

Inside this guide, you'll find practical tips and expert advice to help you avoid the most common (and costly) septic system mistakes. Whether you're new to septic ownership or looking to improve your maintenance routine, this resource will help you protect your system, your property, and your wallet.

With the right habits and a little proactive care, you can extend the life of your septic system and prevent expensive repairs down the road.

Stay tuned to your inbox—we'll continue sending helpful tips, seasonal reminders, and smart strategies to simplify septic maintenance and make homeownership easier.

Thanks again for trusting us with your septic care journey.

Here's to saving money and maintaining with confidence!



## How to Save Thousands on Septic Repairs

#### **Avoid Common Mistakes and Extend the Life of Your System**

Your septic system is one of the most expensive systems on your property—yet it's often the most overlooked. Many homeowners don't think about it until there's a problem, but by then, the damage may already be done.

The good news? Most septic system failures are preventable. With a little knowledge and regular maintenance, you can avoid costly repairs and keep your system running smoothly for decades.

In this guide, we'll cover the most common mistakes homeowners make—and exactly what you can do instead to save thousands in repair and replacement costs.



# The Most Expensive Mistake: Neglect

Let's start with the biggest budget-buster: doing nothing.

It's easy to ignore your septic system since it's out of sight and typically runs quietly. But small issues build up over time, and when they hit a tipping point, repairs can run into the thousands of dollars—or worse, require complete system replacement.

- Average cost to repair a failed drainfield: \$2,000-\$15,000+
- Cost to replace an entire septic system: \$10,000-\$30,000+

The best way to save that money? Prevent problems before they start.

✓ Do This Instead: Stick to a Simple Maintenance Routine

You don't need to be a plumber or have a degree in wastewater management. Most of what keeps your system healthy boils down to three things:



### **Pump Your Tank Every 3–5 Years**

Over time, solid waste builds up in your septic tank. If it's not pumped out regularly, it can overflow into the drainfield and cause permanent damage.

Schedule pumping based on tank size, household size, and water usage.

### **Inspect Annually**

An annual inspection by a septic professional can catch issues like cracks, leaks, or root intrusion before they turn into major problems.

Ask for a sludge and scum level check during inspections.



#### **Follow Smart Water Habits**

Too much water too fast can overwhelm the system. Space out laundry loads, fix leaks, and install water-saving fixtures.

→ Low-flow toilets and showerheads are great long-term investments.

#### 🔪 Common Homeowner Mistakes (and How to Avoid Them)

X Flushing the Wrong Things

Even if the packaging says "flushable," things like wipes, paper towels, and feminine hygiene products should never go into your septic system.

Instead: Stick to septic-safe toilet paper and waste only.

X Using Harsh Chemicals



Chemical drain cleaners, bleach-heavy products, and antibacterial soaps can kill the beneficial bacteria in your tank.

Instead: Use biodegradable, septic-safe cleaners. For clogs, try enzyme-based solutions or mechanical methods first.

X Overloading the System with Water

Running multiple loads of laundry, dishes, and showers in one day puts strain on the system.

Instead: Spread out water usage. Use high-efficiency appliances whenever possible.

X Building or Parking Over the Drainfield

Heavy vehicles, sheds, patios, and even above-ground pools can compress soil and break pipes.



Instead: Keep the drainfield clear, unshaded, and uncovered. Use landscaping flags or markers to identify its boundaries.

X Planting Trees or Shrubs Nearby

Roots love moisture—and septic lines are an open invitation. Tree roots can crack pipes, clog systems, and even destroy tanks.

Instead: Only plant grass or shallow-rooted plants over or near the system.

X Ignoring Warning Signs

Slow drains, gurgling pipes, or foul odors are all early warnings. Waiting too long turns a small fix into a major repair.

Instead: Act fast. Early intervention can save you thousands.



## Create a Maintenance Calendar

Saving money isn't just about what not to do—it's about creating habits that keep your system running efficiently. Here's a sample yearly plan:

Time of Year	What to Do
Spring	Inspect the tank lid, check for winter damage, trim
	roots and vegetation.
Summer	Conserve water during high-use months. Monitor for
	signs of overload.
Fall	Pump tank (if due), divert rainwater, insulate tank lid if
	needed.
Winter	Keep snow over the drainfield for insulation, watch for
	freezing pipes.
Anytime	Fix leaks, space out water-heavy activities, and track
	any unusual signs.



- 📑 Tip: Use a printable checklist to track monthly and seasonal tasks. Download Here
- Bonus Tips to Stretch Your Septic Lifespan
- Install an effluent filter to protect your drainfield
- Keep a diagram of your system layout on hand for emergencies
- Educate your family (and houseguests!) on septic-safe practices
- Test well water annually for contamination (if applicable)
- Keep detailed maintenance records for future reference or resale
- Final Thought: An Ounce of Prevention Is Worth \$10,000 in Repairs



Taking care of your septic system doesn't have to be difficult, but neglecting it will become expensive. By avoiding common mistakes, following a simple care routine, and staying alert to early warning signs, you can prevent major repairs and keep your system healthy for 20, 30—even 40 years.

It's one of the smartest, most budget-friendly things you can do as a homeowner.